# On Designing a Winning Agent for Reconnaissance Blind Chess (RBC) 

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## Contributors



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## Chess



Starting position

## Chess



## Chess



## Chess



## Chess



## RBC



## RBC



Black chooses sense region e3

## RBC



Information gained from sense

## RBC



## RBC

## Where should black sense next?

Given current history: sense e3, observe Pe4, move e7e5

## RBC



Black chooses sense region c2

## RBC



No new information gained from sense!

## RBC

## Where should black move next?

Given current history: sense e3, observe Pe4, move e7e5, sense c2, observe no new information

## RBC



## RBC



Game proceeds similarly. Additional RBC details: captures, null moves.

## Outline

1. Challenges of RBC
2. Baseline agent: StrangeFish
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## Board Games and AI



Chess (CHHO2) [1]


Backgammon (T94) [2]

Go (S+16) [3]
[1] https://www.publicdomainpictures.net/en/view-image.php?image=55671\&picture=backgammon
[2] https://www.publicdomainpictures.net/pictures/80000/velka/chess-board-and-pieces.jpg.
[3] https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/5/56/Lee_Sedol_\(B\)_vs_AlphaGo_\(W\)_-_Game_1. svg/734px-Lee_Sedol_\%28B\%29_vs_AlphaGo_\%28W\%29_-_Game_1.svg.png. CC image courtesy of Wesalius on WikiMedia Commons licensed under CC-BY-SA-4.0.

## Games of Imperfect Information



Scrabble (SO2) [1]


Stratego (P+22) [3]


Poker (M+17,BS19) [2]


## Rummy

[1] https://www.publicdomainpictures.net/en/free-download.php?image=scrabble-board\&id=53283.
[2] https://www.publicdomainpictures.net/en/free-download.php?image=poker\&id=84950
[3] https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/0/05/Stratego.png. CC image courtesy of Andreas Kaufmann on WikiMedia Commons licensed under CC-BY-SA-3.0.

## Challenge: States $\rightarrow$ Information sets



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- Private versus public/shared information. Almost all information in RBC is private.


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- How many opponent histories aliased into agent's information set? Estimated $10^{68}$ for RBC (MGL18); $10^{4}$ in Poker.
- But Chess is so well-understood. Does that help?


## RBC: Like Chess and also Unlike Chess



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## Primitive: Maintaining a Board Set $B$



Before sense: $|B|=21$


Sense action


After sense: $|B|=13$

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## StrangeFish 2019 Baseline



Score function takes a single board as input and provides the score for each move on this board.

## StrangeFish 2019



Moving strategy: choose the move that maximises an aggregate score combining (weighted) mean, min, and max scores over $B$.

## StrangeFish 2019



Sensing strategy: choose a sense square to maximise a combination of board set reduction and potential change in value.

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## Fianchetto v1: Using LCO instead of Stockfish

- Leela Chess Zero (LCO) (PL21) neural network instead of StockFish (RCK21) for faster evaluation.



## Fianchetto v1: Using LC0 instead of Stockfish

- Achieves $\approx 30 x$ speedup of no. of boards evaluated/sec through batching

|  | Time per <br> engine call (s) | Effective no. of boards evaluated / s <br> Without batching <br> With batching |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stockfish | 0.005 | 200 | 3200 <br> $(16$ Threads) |
| Lc0 <br> $(1 G B ~ G P U)$ | 0.321 | 93 | 95232 <br> (batch size $=1024)$ |

Table: Comparison of throughput of Stockfish and LcO, performed on a desktop machine with Intel Core i5-4690 CPU@3.50GHz and Nvidia GeForce GTX 980 GPU.

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- Risk of overfitting to Chess!

|  | Small n/w | Medium n/w | Large $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{w}$ |
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| Chess Rating | 1416 | 1453 | 1572 |
| RBC Rating | 1248 | 1502 | 1350 |

Table: Comparison of ratings of different-sized Lc0 networks.

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- Belief state $b$ is a weight/probability distribution over $S$.
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- Suppose $b$ is belief state before Fianchetto's move, and Fianchetto plays move $a$. Then by basic probability, the belief state $b^{\prime}$ after the move is:

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- Let $b^{\prime \prime}$ be the belief state after the opponent has played, Fianchetto has sensed observation z. By Bayes' Rule,

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- But what is $\mathbb{P}\{a \mid s\}$ (the opponent model)? We assume the opponent plays according to LCO!


## Fianchetto v2: Persistent Board Belief



Probability associated with true state by Fianchetto (v2) and StrangeFish

## Fianchetto v3: RBC-Specific Incentives

- Supplement LCO evaluation to promote RBC-specific "sneak attacks".


Low risk, large incentive.


High risk, small incentive.

## Fianchetto v4: Board Set Size

- Add dynamically weighted uniform dist. to opponent's move probabilities.
- Adjust weightage of expected board set reduction in sense strategy.


Average information set size in games played on the RBC server.

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## NeurIPS 2021 Tournament

- Round robin tournament between 18 bots
- Pairwise 60 games (equally split as black and white)
- Positive winning record of atleast 66\% against every other bot in the tournament
- Dominant performance with overall win ratio above 90\%

| Fianchetto (1759) | Score |
| :--- | ---: |
| StrangeFish2 (1662) | $41-19$ |
| penumbra (1584) | $40-20$ |
| Kevin (1544) | $40-20$ |
| Oracle (1503) | $51-9$ |
| Gnash (1454) | $49-11$ |
| Marmot (1315) | $56-4$ |
| DynamicEntropy (1299) | $59-1$ |
| wbernar5 (1219) | $58-2$ |
| Frampt (1208) | $59-1$ |
| GarrisonNRL (1140) | $59-1$ |
| trout (1127) | $59-1$ |
| callumcanavan (1066) | $60-0$ |
| attacker (1049) | $60-0$ |
| URChIn (854) | $60-0$ |
| armandli (777) | $60-0$ |
| random (753) | $60-0$ |
| ai_games_cvi (288) | $60-0$ |
| Overall | $\mathbf{9 3 1 - 8 9}$ |

Table: NeurIPS 2021 RBC Tournament results

## Intermediate Versions (evaluated post-competition)

| Version | V0 | SF2 | Or | tr | att | ran | Overall |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| V0 | $30-30$ | $16-44$ | $39-21$ | $57-3$ | $56-4$ | $60-0$ | $258-102$ |
| V1 | $24-36$ | $13-47$ | $36-24$ | $58-2$ | $50-10$ | $59-1$ | $240-120$ |
| V2 | $39-21$ | $35-25$ | $46-14$ | $59-1$ | $58-2$ | $60-0$ | $297-63$ |
| V3 | $48-12$ | $32-28$ | $47-13$ | $59-1$ | $58-2$ | $59-1$ | $303-57$ |
| V4 | $48-12$ | $35-25$ | $47-13$ | $59-1$ | $60-0$ | $60-0$ | $309-51$ |

Table: Win-loss scores from a 60-game match between row agent and column agent. V0 is the same as StrangeFish; its row is populated using its last 60 games in a specified window in November-December 2021 on the RBC server. The column for V0 is obtained locally, whereas all other columns (SF2 = StrangeFish2, Or = Oracle, tr = trout, att = attacker, ran = random) are obtained from games played on the server.

## NeurIPS 2022 Tournament

| StrangeFish2 (1762) | $21-34-5$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Fianchetto (1644) | Score |
| Kevin (1623) | $31-0-29$ |
| Chateaux (1621) | $18-0-42$ |
| Rookie (1551) | $37-18-5$ |
| Oracle (1465) | $49-9-2$ |
| Marmot (1329) | $52-0-8$ |
| JKU-CODA (1283) | $51-0-9$ |
| DynamicEntropy (1194) | $58-0-2$ |
| SomeRegret (1184) | $55-0-5$ |
| trout (1116) | $60-0-0$ |
| attacker (1099) | $59-0-1$ |
| GarrisonNRL (1039) | $57-0-3$ |
| uccchess (1025) | $49-8-3$ |
| random (893) | $60-0-0$ |
| arandombot (598) | $60-0-0$ |
| srcork (590) | $60-0-0$ |
| uccch (581) | $60-0-0$ |
| Overall | $\mathbf{8 3 7 - 1 6 8 - 1 5}$ |

Table: NeurIPS 2022 RBC Tournament results

## Blunders!



Played Move


Result


Best Move

## Blunders!



Played Move


Played Move


Result


Result


Best Move


Best Move

## Blunders!



Played Move


Played Move


Result


Result


Best Move


Best Move

Our LCO evaluation misled us in these cases. But why didn't it in 2021?

## Blunders Happened in 2021, Too!



Played Move


Result


Best Move

## Blunders Happened in 2021, Too!



Played Move


Result


Best Move

We had not paid attention to the 2021 blunders because ...

## Blunders Happened in 2021, Too!



Played Move


Result


Best Move

We had not paid attention to the 2021 blunders because ... we won anyway!

## Fix: Next-state Evaluation for Top Few Actions



## Fianchetto Updated vs. StrangeFish2

| Agents | Win | Draw | Loss |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fianchetto (old) vs. StrangeFish2 | 248 | 25 | 227 |
| Fianchetto (updated) vs. StrangeFish2 | 300 | 28 | 172 |

Table: Performance of (2022) competition version and updated version of Fianchetto against StrangeFish2 (released after 2022 competition) over 500 games.

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- Fianchetto a thoughtfully-engineered agent with sound basis, but subject to questionable assumptions!
- How to best transfer knowledge from Chess to RBC?
- MCTS-workhorse of modern game-playing-doubly confounded by hidden state and compute time in RBC.
- How to transfer the successes of deep learning on sequential data (speech, NLP) to RBC?
- How to gather lots of useful training data for RBC?
- Benchmark RBC against humans.


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## Thank you!

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